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ABSTRACT

In this speech, a black, former principal describes the unique problems facing black school administrators. The author states that his most important task was to establish and maintain credibility in the profession and in the community. He discusses (1) his relations with the staff, (2) his relations with students, (3) his role in school community relations, and (4) his role as an educational leader. He notes that his challenge was to pull the essential elements of the educational program together into something of high quality and at the same time to affirm blackness while not degrading whiteness. (Author/JF)





Dr. Charles R. Thoma American: matic of School Lands of School Atlantic City, New Jusey February 14-15, 1972 DEPART ENT OF POLICY

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"UNIQUE PROBLEMS CONFRONTING BLACK SCHOOL ADMINISTRATORS"

PERHAPS THIS TOPIC, "UNIQUE PROBLEMS CONFRONTING BLACK SCHOOL ADMINISTRATORS," APPEARS TO BE A BIT STRANGE TO MANY. ONE MIGHT RETORT "DON'T ALL SCHOOL ADMINISTRATORS GENERALLY FACE MANY OF THE SAME PROBLEMS WITH EDUCATORS, STUDENTS AND WITH THE COMMUNITY? HAVING BEEN A BLACK ADMINISTRATOR I AM NOT ABLE TO COMPARE MY PROBLEMS WITH THOSE OF WHITE SCHOOL ADMINISTRATORS. IN ONE SENSE THE PROBLEMS CONFRONTING THE BLACK ADMINISTRATORS ARE UNIQUE IN THAT THERE ARE NOT MANY OF THEM AND PEOPLE ARE NOT USED TO SEEING THE A FUNCTION IN POSITIONS OF AUTHORITY. THUS, DUE TO THEIR SCARCENESS MOST PROBLEMS CONFRONTING BLACK SCHOOL ADMINISTRATORS ARE UNIQUE.

ASIDE FROM BEING THE EDUCATIONAL LEADER OF THE SCHOOL, I FOUND THE ESTABLISHMENT AND MAINTENANCE OF CREDIBILITY WITHIN TO PROFESSION AND COMMUNITY TO BE THE SINGULARLY MOST IMPORTANT TASK WHICH CONFRONTS SCHOOL ADMINISTRATORS.

STAFF RELATIONS

THE STAFF WAS WORKING WITH ITS THIRD PRINCIPAL

IN AS MANY YEARS. THEIR FIRST QUESTION WAS NOT WHETHER

I COULD HANDLE IT BUT RATHER HOW LONG WAS I GOING TO



STAY. THEY SEEMED TO WANT STABILITY AND CONTINUITY.

MOST OF THE STAFF WAS YOUNG AND SINCERELY WANTED TO

PROVIDE A GOOD EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM. BUT MANY FRANKLY

DID NOT HAVE THE TYPE OF SOCIAL AWARENESS AND

SENSITIVITY WHICH WOULD ALLOW THEM TO SUCCEED IN

THIS SCHOOL-COMMUNITY SETTING.

ALMOST ALL HAD NEVER WORKED UNDER A BLACK PRINCIPAL. THUS THERE WERE MANY QUESTIONS RUNNING THROUGH THEIR MINDS. IS HE A TOKEN OR IS HE REALLY AN EDUCATOR? IS HE A STRONG DISCIPLINARIAN? WILL HE MEAN WHAT HE SAYS? HOW MUCH CAN I GET AWAY WITH? IN DISCIPLINARY MATTERS IS HE GOING TO BELIEVE US OR THE STUDENTS? WHICH GROUP OF PARENTS WILL HE YIELD TO, THE MILITANT BLACKS OR THE IRATE WHITES?

REALIZING THAT THE TOTAL SCHOOL PROGRAM MUST REFLECT THE STUDENTS' NEEDS AND INTERESTS I SET ABOUT ESTABLISHING A MEANINGFUL AND WORKING RELATIONSHIP WITH STUDENTS. SOMEHOW STUDENTS HAD TO BE MADE TO REALIZE THAT THE SCHOOL WAS FOR THEM. THE STUDENT COUNCIL WAS BUT ONE FORMAL WAY TO GET AT STUDENT PROBLEMS. THE INFORMAL ONE-TO-ONE CONTACT, THE SMALL UNOFFICIAL GROUP MEETINGS, AND EVEN HOME VISITS PROVED TO BE MOST SUCCESSFUL IN ESTABLISHING CREDIBILITY WITH THE STUDENTS.



THE STUDENTS, BOTH BLACK AND WHITE, APPARENTLY ASKED (MENTALLY) MANY OF THE SAME QUESTIONS THE TEACHERS HAD CONCERNING THE NEW BLACK PRINCIPAL.

SPECIFICALLY, THE BLACK STUDENTS REALLY WANTED TO KNOW "WHERE I WAS COMING FROM," WAS I LEGITIMATE, AND MORE IMPORTANT, DID I HAVE THEIR BEST INTERESTS AT HEART.

THE TASK WAS TO DEMONSTRATE THAT I WAS THERE TO HELP ALL STUDENTS; NOT TO "RIP OFF" BLACK STUDENTS; AND NOT TO ACT PREJUDICIALLY AGAINST WHITE STUDENTS. THIS MEANT MANY HOURS OF EXTRA CURRICULAR STUDENT CONTACT TIME.

SCHOOL AND COMMUNITY RELATIONS

THIS IS THE AREA IN WHICH MANY ADMINISTRATORS

FAIL AND THE ARENA FOR WHICH FEW ADMINISTRATORS ARE

TRAINED TO DEAL. FEW OF US HAVE BOTHERED TO INTERPRET

OUR SCHOOL PROGRAMS TO THE COMMUNITY EXCEPT WHEN

THERE IS A REFERENDUM OR A CRISIS. THE OVERT

DEMONSTRATION OF AN AWARENESS OF THE TOTAL COMMUNITY

AND ITS PROBLEMS PROVED TO BE INVALUABLE IN MY

ESTABLISHING CREDIBILITY AND DEVELOPING A SCHOOL

PROGRAM WHICH REFLECTS THAT COMMUNITY.

ALL PARENTS AND IN PARTICULAR BLACK PARENTS WHO
TRADITIONALLY HAD BEEN EXCLUDED EITHER BY DESIGN OR
BY THEIR OWN CHOICE FROM THE MAINSTREAM OF THE
SYSTEM, HAD TO BE MADE TO UNDERSTAND THAT THEY HAD



FREE ACCESS TO THE SCHOOL. JUST THE NOTION OF BEING
ABLE TO VISIT THE SCHOOL UNANNOUNCED MEANT A GREAT
DEAL TO ALL PARENTS. THE MERE FACT THAT THE SCHOOL
AND ITS PROGRAMS WERE OPEN TO PUBLIC SCRUTINY AND
THAT THERE WAS NOTHING EXCLUSIVE AND SECRET ABOUT
WHAT THE SCHOOL WAS DOING ARE THINGS WHICH WERE
IMPORTANT IN DEVELOPING THAT POSITIVE SCHOOL-COMMUNITY
RELATIONSHIP.

AS A BLACK IT WAS IMPERATIVE THAT I BE ABLE TO COMMUNICATE WITH THE MOST MILITANT BLACKS AND THE MOST REACTIONARY WHITES. YES, I GOT IT FROM BOTH SIDES, BUT THIS WAS TO BE EXPECTED.

EDUCATIONAL LEADERSHIP

TURNOVER, THE SCHOOL HAD A REPUTATION FOR BEING
INNOVATIVE. THE PROBLEM I FACEL WAS CONTINUING THIS
TRADITION WHILE AT THE SAME TIME INSURING THAT BOTH
NEW AND EXISTING PROGRAMS WERE REALLY RELEVANT TO
EDUCATION AND REFLECTIVE OF SCHOOL-COMMUNITY NEEDS.
AS A BLACK ADMINISTRATOR I COULT NOT BE A PARTY TO
PERPETUATING AN OLD OUTLATED IN LEXIBLE EDUCATIONAL
SYSTEM. SUCH A SYSTEM ALL TOO OFTEN HAS MEANT
EDUCATIONAL CENOCIDE TO MANY FLACK AND OTHER MINORITY



STUDENTS. MY STAFF, CONSEQUENTLY HAD TO GET USED TO THE KIND OF SENSITIVE QUESTIONS WHICH I RAISED REGARDING CURRICULUM CHANGES AND WHAT THOSE PROPOSED CHANGES WOULD DO OR WOULD NOT DO FOR BLACK AND OTHER MINORITY STUDENTS.

AS A RESULT, ONE OF THE PRACTICES WHICH \mathbb{W}_A \mathbb{S} ELIMINATED WAS ABILITY GROUPING. INSTEAD WE USED \mathbb{A} KIND OF INDIVIDUALIZED INSTRUCTION WHICH PROVED \mathbb{W}_i \mathbb{O} ST PROFITABLE FOR BOTH STUDENTS AND TEACHERS. IT \mathbb{P}_i \mathbb{C} \mathbb{C} A GREATER VARIETY OF LEARNING EXPERIENCES FOR STUDENTS AND AT THE SAME TIME FORCED TEACHERS TO EXPLORE \mathbb{W}_i \mathbb{C} METHODOLOGIES IN MEETING THE VARIOU \mathbb{C} OF YOUNGSTERS.

IN EFFECTIVELY DEALING WITH ALL FOUR OF TABLE AREAS I WAS ABLE TO ESTABLISH A FUNCTIONALLY ACCRYPABLE LEVEL OF CREDIBILITY. BUT CREDIBILITY IS LIKE RELIGION.

ONE SELDOM ACHIEVES 100 PERCENT, BUT RATHER ONE CONTINUES TO WORK TO IMPROVE THE SITUATION. TAUS, SUMMARILY SPEAKING, THE PROBLEM WAS TO PULL THE ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS OF THE EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM TOGETHER INTO SOMETHING OF HIGH QUALITY AND AT THE SAME TIME TO AFFIRM BLACKNESS WHILE NOT DEGRADING WHITENESS.

IT WAS A PROBLEM OF CONVINCING ALL STUDENTS, TEACHERS, AND PARENTS, THAT YOU, AS A BLACK SCHOOL ADMINISTRATOR, ARE CAPABLE AND THAT YOU HAVE THE EDUCATION OF CRILDREN AS YOUR PRIME GOAL.